

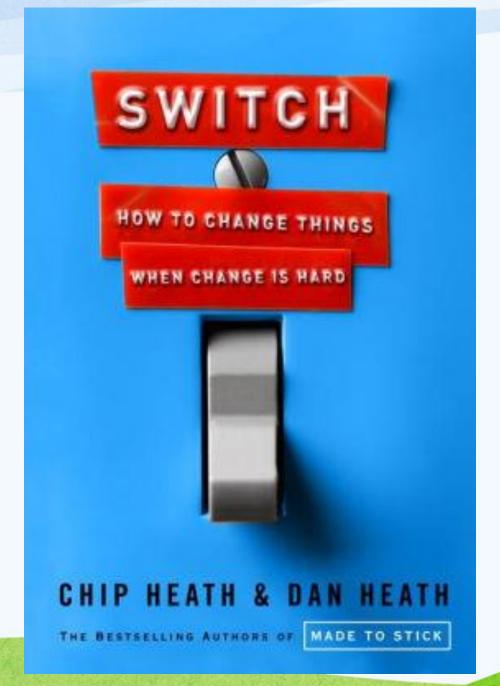


Positive Approaches for Embracing Change

Cathy Wolford Michigan Library Association Conference Oct. 18, 2018





















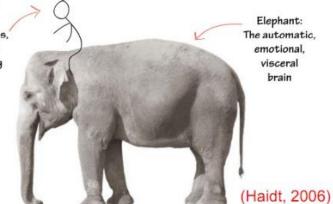


One brain, two minds

Elephant = impulsive mind Rider: The conscious, verbal, thinking brain

Rider = Rational mind

Path = the environment



Willpower is the strength of the rider

50 Reasons Not To Change

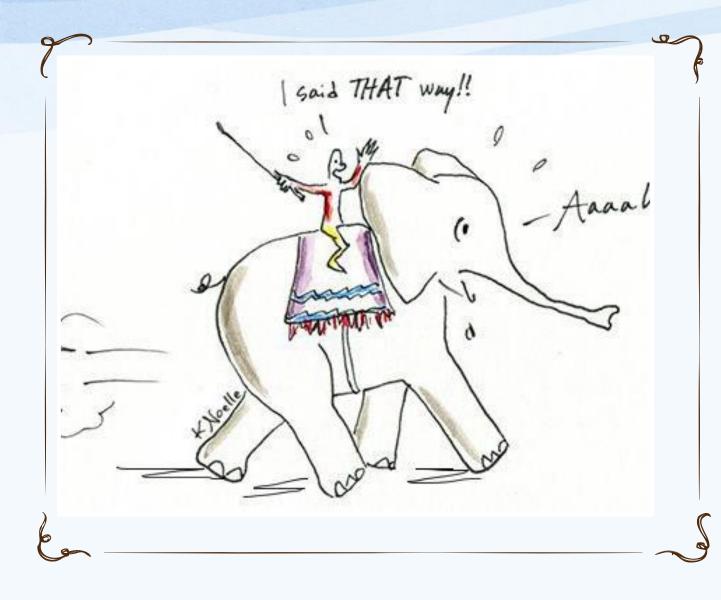


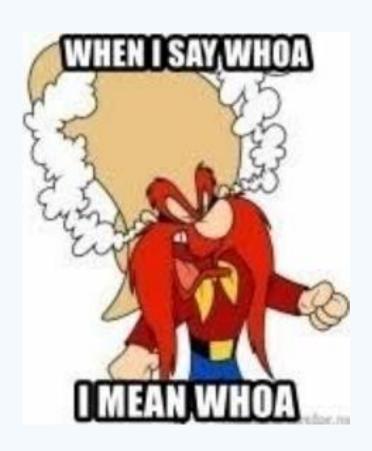




STATUS O









Direct the rider

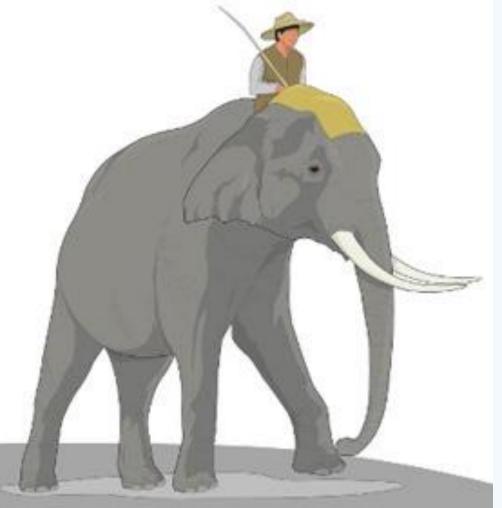
 give clear direction, reduce mental paralysis

Motivate the elephant

 find the emotional connection

Shape the path

 Reduce obstacles, tweak the environment, make the journey go downhill





Direct the Rider





Follow the Bright Spots

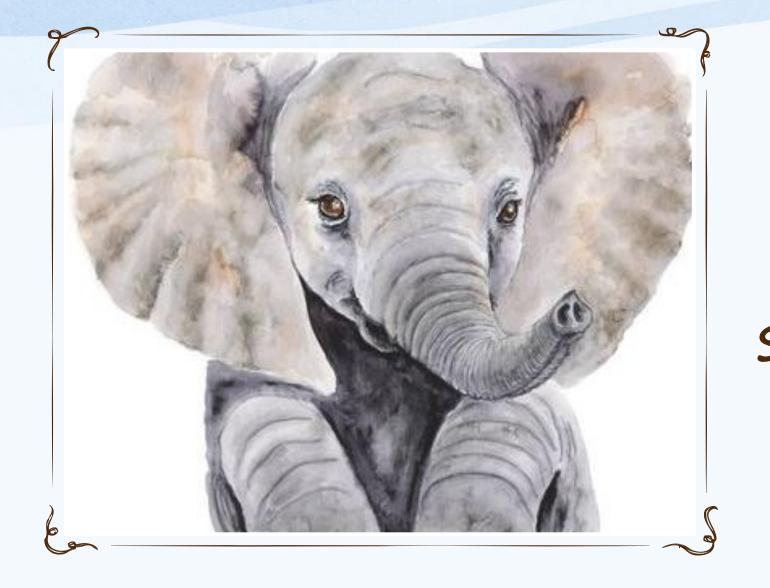
Direct the Rider





Script the Critical Moves





Motivate the Elephant Shrink the Change



Motivate the Elephant

Find the Feeling





Motivate the Elephant

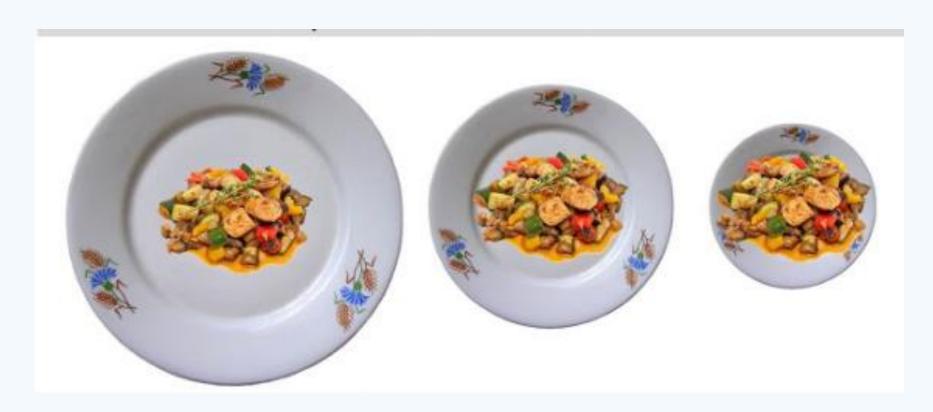
Grow Your People







Tweak the Environment







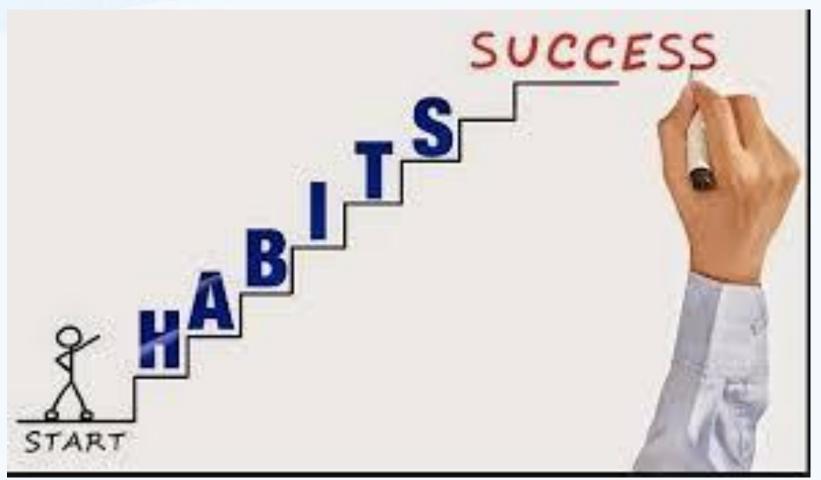
FUNDAMENTAL ATTRUBUTION ERROR

meaning, definition, explanation...

https://youtu.be/kOHUujS88jQ

Build Habits

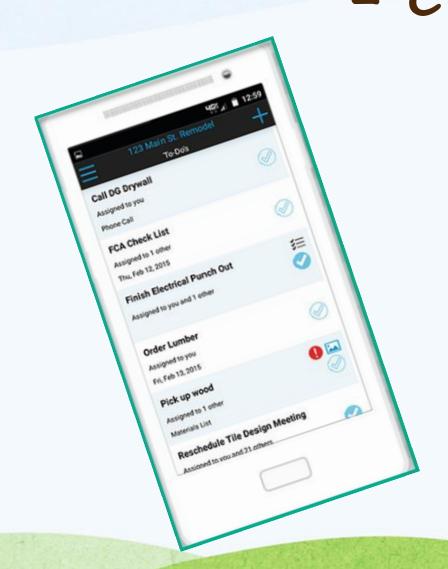




Shape the Path

Tweak Environment + Build Habits = Checklist









Rally the Herd





When Change Works it Follows a Pattern MLA 2018



Clear Direction



Ample Motivation

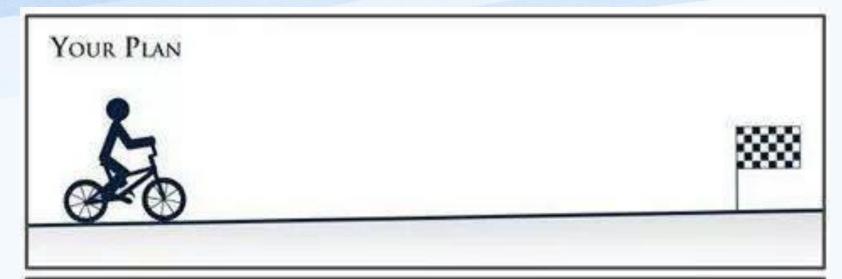


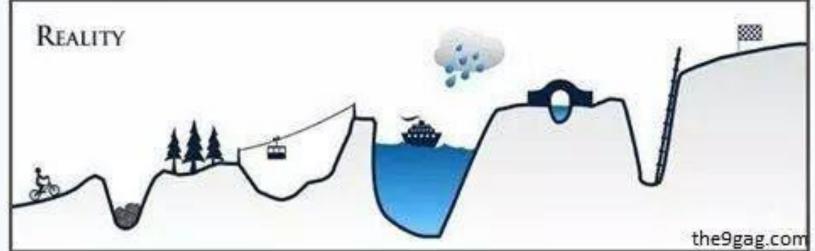
Supportive Environment



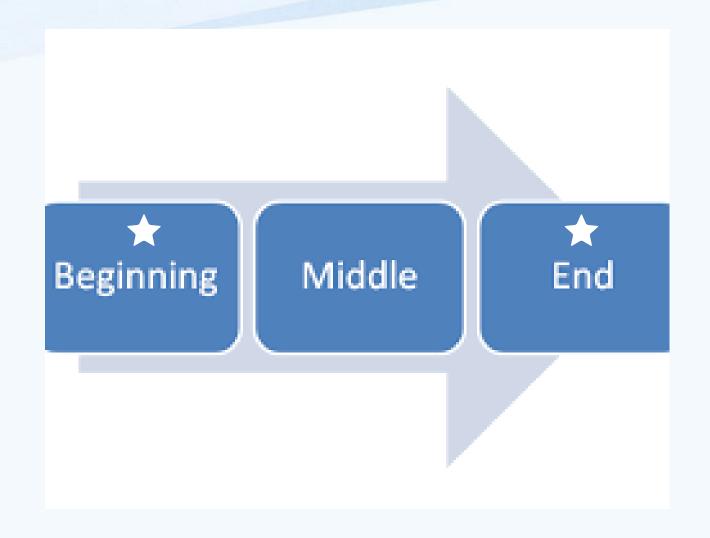


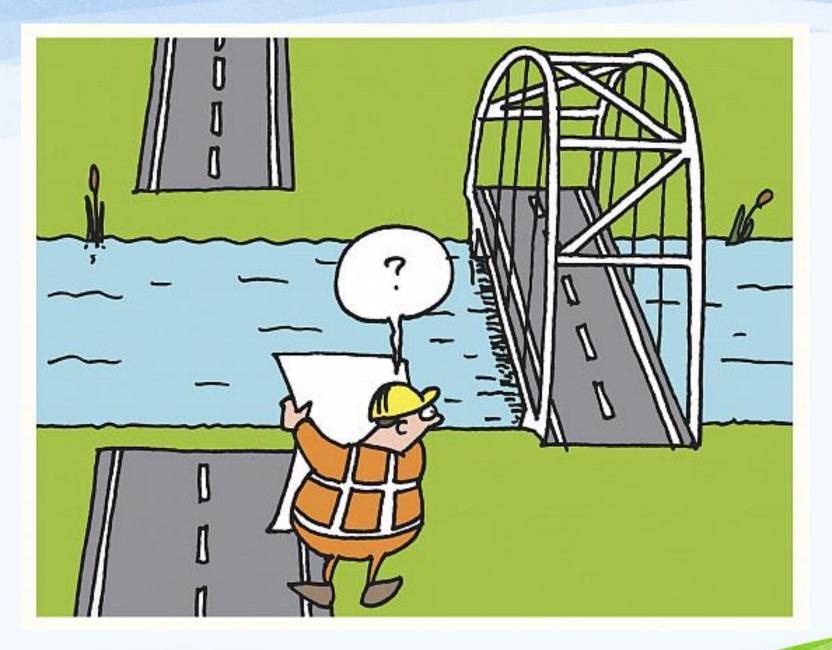














Kaizen







Ten Principles of Kaizen





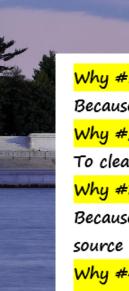
- Let go of assumptions.
- 2. Be proactive about solving problems.
- 3. Don't accept the status quo.
- 4. Let go of perfectionism and take an attitude of iterative, adaptive change.
- 5. Look for solutions as you find mistakes.
- Create an environment in which everyone feels empowered to contribute.
- 7. Don't accept the obvious issue; instead, as "why" five times to get to the root cause.
- 8. Get information and opinions from multiple people.
- 9. Use creativity to find low-cost, small improvements.
- 10. Never stop improving.











Why #1 – Why is the monument deteriorating?

Because harsh chemicals are frequently used to clean the monument.

Why #2 – Why are harsh chemicals needed?

To clean off the large number of bird droppings on the monument.

Why #3 — Why are there a large number of bird droppings on the monument?

Because the large population of spiders in and around the monument are a food source to the local birds

Why #4 — Why is there a large population of spiders in and around the monument?

Because vast swarms of insects, on which the spiders feed, are drawn to the monument at dusk.

Why #5 — Why are swarms of insects drawn to the monument at dusk?

Because the lighting of the monument in the evening attracts the local insects.

Root Cause

Solution: Change how the monument is illuminated in the evening to prevent attraction of swarming insects.



Pros and Cons of Kaizen





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Multiple Generations in the Workplace





Understanding Change



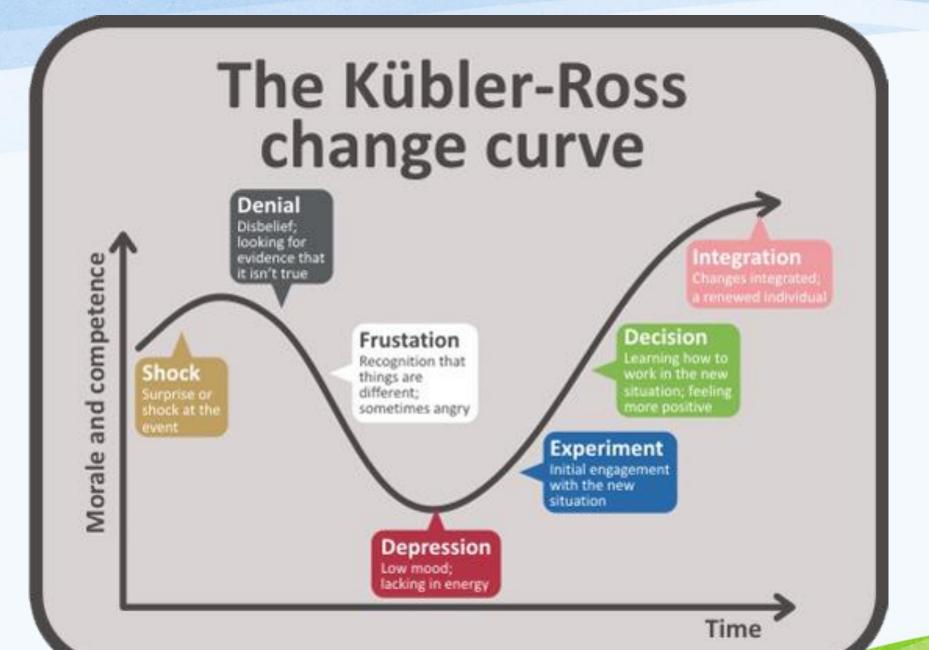
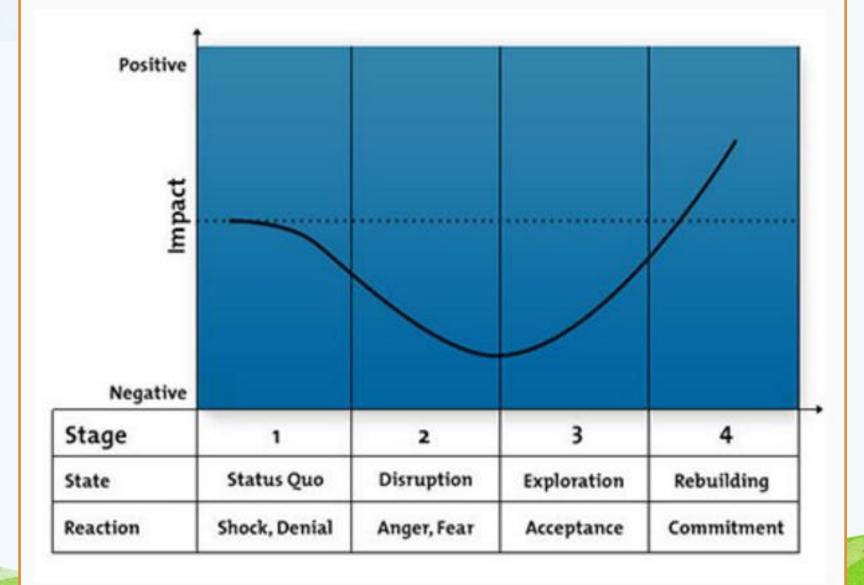




Figure 1 – The Change Curve







ACTIONS TO USE AT EACH STAGE

STAGE 1

- Reality of change sets in
- Need adjustment time
- Communication is vital at this stage
- Try not to overwhelm





ACTIONS TO USE AT EACH STAGE

STAGE 2

- This stage is the "danger zone"
- People begin to react to change
- Emotions may include concern, anger, resentment or fear
- Resistance to change may be active or passive





ACTIONS TO USE AT EACH STAGE

STAGE 3

- Turning point
- Acceptance grows
- Stage is vital for learning and acceptance
- Changes start to become second nature
- Productivity and efficiency return





7 Cs of Communication

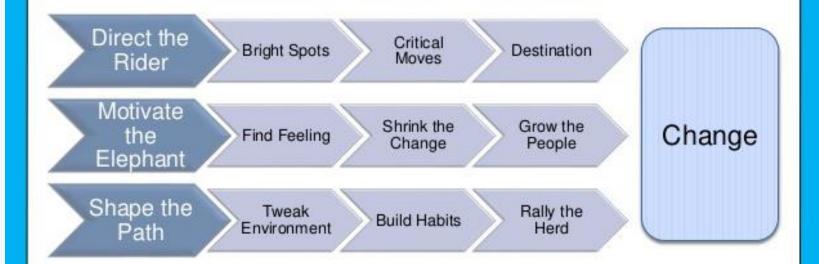






The Framework

Change isn't an event; it's a process











Any Questions?

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